1. A compound of formula (I):

$$(U)_n$$
 $(CH_2)_m$
 (I)
 (I)

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wherein

 $\rm R^{1}$ is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl substituted by one to three groups independently selected from oxo, cyano and -S(O)_pR⁴, and C₃₋₇cycloalkyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from oxo, cyano, -S(O)_pR⁴, OH, halogen, C₁₋₆alkoxy, -NR⁵R⁶, -CONR⁵R⁶, -NCOR⁵, -COOR⁵, -SO₂NR⁵R⁶, -NHSO₂R⁵ and -NHCONHR⁵.

R² is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl and -(CH₂)_q-C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, or

 $(CH_2)_mR^1$ and R^2 , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a four- to six-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or two additional heteroatoms independently selected from oxygen, sulphur and N-R⁷, wherein the ring is optionally substituted by one or two groups independently selected from oxo, C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen and trifluoromethyl;

 ${\sf R}^3$ is the group -CO-NH-(CH₂)_r- ${\sf R}^8$ or -NH-CO- ${\sf R}^9$;

 R^4 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, heterocyclyl optionally substituted by C_{1-4} alkyl, and phenyl wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted by up to two groups independently selected from C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl and halogen;

 R^5 is selected from hydrogen, $C_{1\text{--}6}$ alkyl and phenyl wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by up to two substituents selected from $C_{1\text{--}6}$ alkyl and halogen,

 R_{-}^{6} is selected from hydrogen and C_{1-6} alkyl, or

 R^5 and R^6 , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a five- to six-membered heterocyclic or heteroaryl ring optionally containing up to one additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, wherein the ring is optionally substituted by up to two C_{1-6} alkyl groups;

R⁷ is selected from hydrogen and methyl;

when r is 0 to 2, R⁸ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, CONHR⁵, phenyl optionally substituted by R¹⁰ and/or R¹¹, heteroaryl optionally

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substituted by R^{10} and/or R^{11} and heterocyclyl optionally substituted by R^{10} and/or R^{11} , and

when r is 2, R^8 is additionally selected from $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkoxy, NHCOR 5 , NHCONHR 5 , NR 5 R 6 and OH;

 ${\sf R}^9$ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, -(CH₂)_s-C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, trifluoromethyl, -(CH₂)_tphenyl optionally substituted by ${\sf R}^{12}$ and/or ${\sf R}^{13}$, -(CH₂)_theterocyclyl optionally substituted by ${\sf R}^{12}$ and/or ${\sf R}^{13}$, -(CH₂)_theterocyclyl optionally substituted by ${\sf R}^{12}$ and/or ${\sf R}^{13}$ and -(CH₂)_tfused bicyclyl optionally substituted by ${\sf R}^{12}$ and/or ${\sf R}^{13}$;

 R^{10} is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, -CONR⁶R¹⁴, -NHCOR¹⁴, -SO₂NHR¹⁴, -NHSO₂R¹⁴, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -X-(CH₂)_j-phenyl optionally substituted by one or more halogen atoms or C₁₋₆alkyl groups, -X-(CH₂)_j-heterocyclyl or -X-(CH₂)_j-heterocyclyl wherein the heterocyclyl or heteroaryl group is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from C₁₋₆alkyl,

R¹¹ is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl and halogen, or

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when R^{10} and R^{11} are ortho substituents, then together with the carbon atoms to which they are bound, R^{10} and R^{11} may form a five- or six-membered saturated or unsaturated ring to give a fused bicyclic ring system, wherein the ring that is formed by R^{10} and R^{11} optionally contains one or two heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur;

 $\rm R^{12}$ is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, -(CH₂)_s-C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, -CONR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NHCOR¹⁶, -SO₂NHR¹⁵, -NHSO₂R¹⁶, halogen, -(CH₂)_kNR¹⁷R¹⁸, oxy, trifluoromethyl, phenyl optionally substituted by one or more R¹³ groups and heteroaryl wherein the heteroaryl is optionally substituted by one or more R¹³ groups,

 R^{13} is selected from $C_{\text{1-6}}$ alkyl, $C_{\text{1-6}}$ alkoxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl and -NR^17R^18, or

 R^{12} and R^{13} , together with the carbon atoms to which they are bound, form a five- or six-membered saturated or unsaturated ring to give a fused bicyclic ring system, wherein the ring that is formed by R^{12} and R^{13} optionally contains one or two heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur;

R¹⁴ is selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₆alkyl;

 ${\sf R}^{15}$ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl and phenyl wherein the phenyl group may be optionally substituted by one or more ${\sf R}^{13}$ groups,

R¹⁶ is selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₆alkyl, or

 R^{15} and R^{16} , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a five- to six-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur and N-R⁷, wherein the ring is optionally substituted by up to two C_{1-6} alkyl groups;

 R^{17} is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl and -(CH_2)s- C_{3-7} cycloalkyl optionally substituted by C_{1-6} alkyl,

 R^{18} is selected from hydrogen and C_{1-6} alkyl, or

R¹⁷ and R¹⁸, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a three- to seven-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one additional

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heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur and N-R⁷, wherein the ring may contain up to one double bond and the ring is optionally substituted by one or more R¹⁹ groups;

 R^{19} is selected from C1-6alkyl, oxy, -CH2OC1-6alkyl, trichloromethyl and -N(C1-6alkyl)2;

X is selected from -O- and a bond;

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U is selected from methyl and halogen;

W is selected from methyl and chlorine;

V and Y are each selected independently from hydrogen, methyl and halogen;

m is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 wherein each carbon atom of the resulting carbon chain is optionally substituted with one or two groups selected independently from C_{1-6} alkyl, wherein the C_{1-6} alkyl group is optionally substituted by up to three OH groups;

n, p, r and j are independently selected from 0, 1 and 2;

q and k are independently selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3; and

s and t are independently selected from 0 and 1;

with the proviso that when R¹ is unsubstituted C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, m is not selected from 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4 wherein each carbon atom of the resulting carbon chain may be optionally substituted with one or two groups selected independently from C₁₋₆alkyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

- 20 2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R^1 is selected from C_{2-6} alkyl substituted by one or two groups independently selected from oxo, cyano and $-S(O)_t R^4$, and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or two groups independently selected from OH and cyano.
- 25 3. A compound according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein R² is hydrogen.
 - 4. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein R^8 is C_{3-} $_6$ cycloalkyl.
- 30 5. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims wherein m is selected from 0 and 1 and wherein the carbon chain is optionally substituted by one or two methyl groups which are optionally substituted by OH.
- 6. A compound according to claim 1 as defined in any one of Examples 1 to 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.
 - 7. A process for preparing a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 which comprises:
- 40 (a) reacting a compound of formula (XXII)

(XXII)

wherein R¹, R², U, W, V, Y, m and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XXIII)

$$R^8$$
-(CH₂)_r-NH₂

(XXIII)

wherein R⁸ and r are as defined in claim 1,
under amide forming conditions optionally converting the acid compound (XXII) to an activated form of the acid before reaction with the amine compound (XXIII));

(b) reacting a compound of formula (XXIV)

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(XXIV)

wherein \mathbb{R}^3 , U, W, V, Y and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XXV)

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$$R^{1}(CH_{2})_{m}NR^{2}H$$
 (XXV)

wherein R¹, R², m and n are as defined in claim 1,

under amide forming conditions;

(c) reacting a compound of formula (XXVI)

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(XXVI)

wherein \mathbb{R}^3 , U, W, V, Y and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XXV) as defined above;

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(d) reacting a compound of formula (XXVII)

(XXVII)

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wherein W, V, Y and R^3 are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XXVIII)

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wherein R¹, R², U, m and n are as defined above and hal is halogen, in the presence of a catalyst; or

(e) reacting a compound of formula (XXIX)

10 · (XXIX)

wherein R^1 , R^2 , U, W, V, Y, m and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula (XXX)

$$R^9CO_2H$$
 (XXX)

wherein R⁹ is as defined in claim 1, under amide forming conditions optionally converting the acid compound (XXX) to an activated form of the acid before reaction with the amine compound (XXIX)).

- 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof, in association with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, diluents and/or carriers.
- 9. A method for treating a condition or disease state mediated by p38 kinase activity or mediated by cytokines produced by the activity of p38 kinase comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

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10. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof for use in therapy.

11. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment of a condition or disease state mediated by p38 kinase activity or mediated by cytokines produced by the activity of p38 kinase.